



Decarbonisteleat Conference

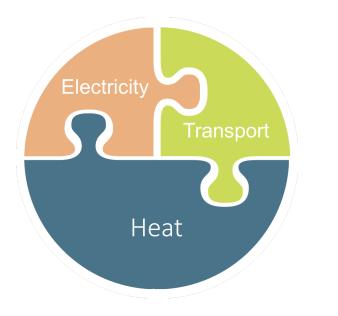
16^h June 2022, Helsingborg, Sweden

Jack Corscadden, Euroheat & Power jc@euroheat.org No Energy Transition without Sustainable Heating and Cooling



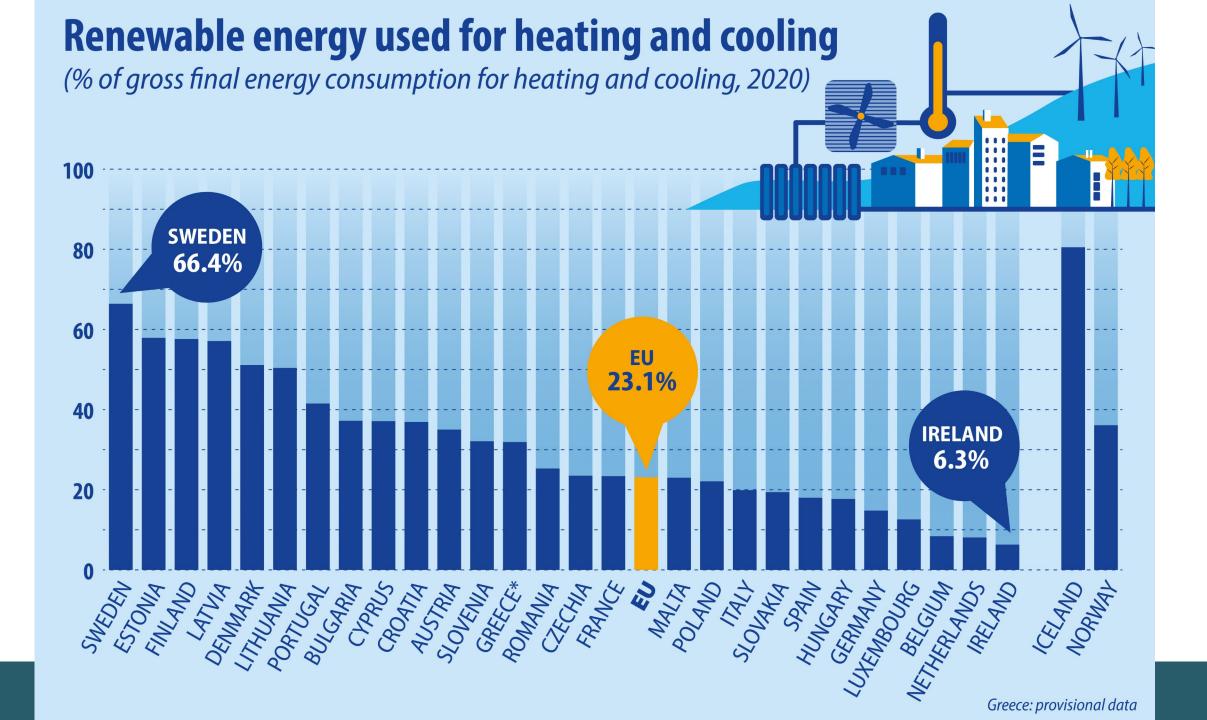
Heating & Cooling represents

50% of the EU total annual energy consumption



75% of EU citizens will live in urban areas in 2022, with an increase to 84% by 2050





The Vision

- Demonstrate DHC networks, which are able to recover renewable and waste heat available at low temperature, i.e. lower than 40°C
 - Reduce supply temperatures
 - Focus is on the exploitation of the energy sources available within the urban context







Our district heating, a key for a sustainable region:

Regional DH partnership and Optimization

• Fredrik Hörberg, Production Planning

Smart asset management, using IoT

• Magnus Ohlsson, Senior Specialist

Carbon Capture and Storage year 2026

• Jesper Baring, Project Manager

The Helsingborg Energy System

rigetant und ten Ratt mit fichte int erbieten to fieben ein mit berieft

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Agenda

- 0905 Welcome to Helsingborg and Öresundskraft Anna Sundberg, Strategy & Innovation
- 0915 **Our district heating a key for a sustainable region** Jesper Baaring, Project Manager
- 0920 **Regional DH Partnership and Optimization** Fredrik Hörberg, Energy systems engineer
- 0925 **Smart asset management, using IoT** Magnus Ohlsson, Technical Manager DH Network
- 0930 Carbon Capture & Storage 2027 Jesper Baaring, Project Manager
- 0935 **Questions**



Helsingborg & Öresundskraft





ÖRESUNDS

City of Helsingborg

- 150 109 citizens
- Fast growing, 190 000 by 2050
- Net Zero CO₂ 2030

Öresundskraft

- Regional Energy Company
- 100 % owned by City of Helsingborg
- 240 M€ Turnover
- 400 employees



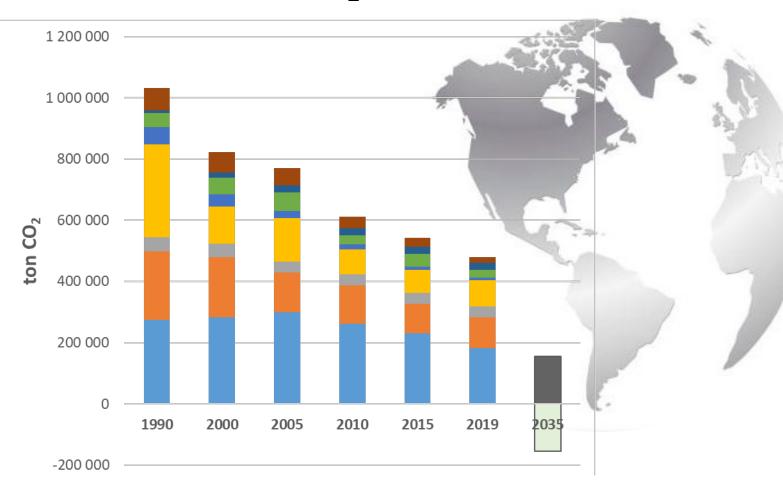




Helsingborg Net Zero CO₂ 2030



Mission 479 992 t CO₂



Solution #1 Electric Power

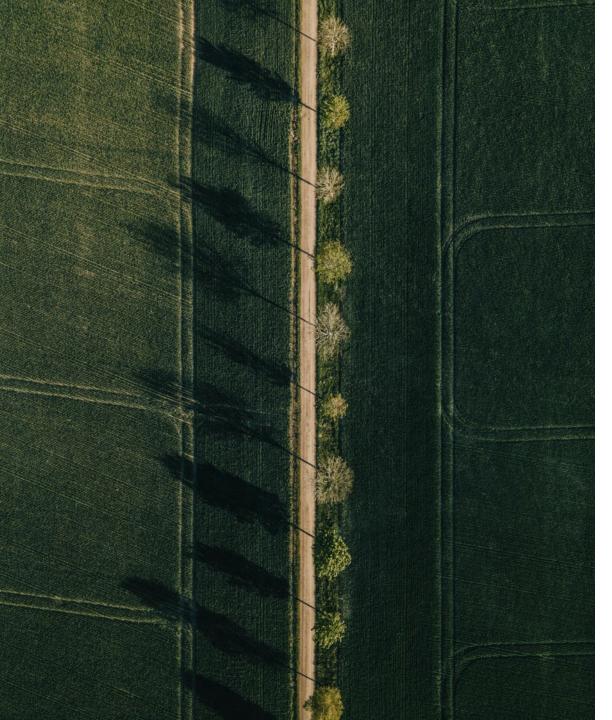


Solution #2 CCS -150 000 t CO₂



Our district heating, a key for a sustainable region

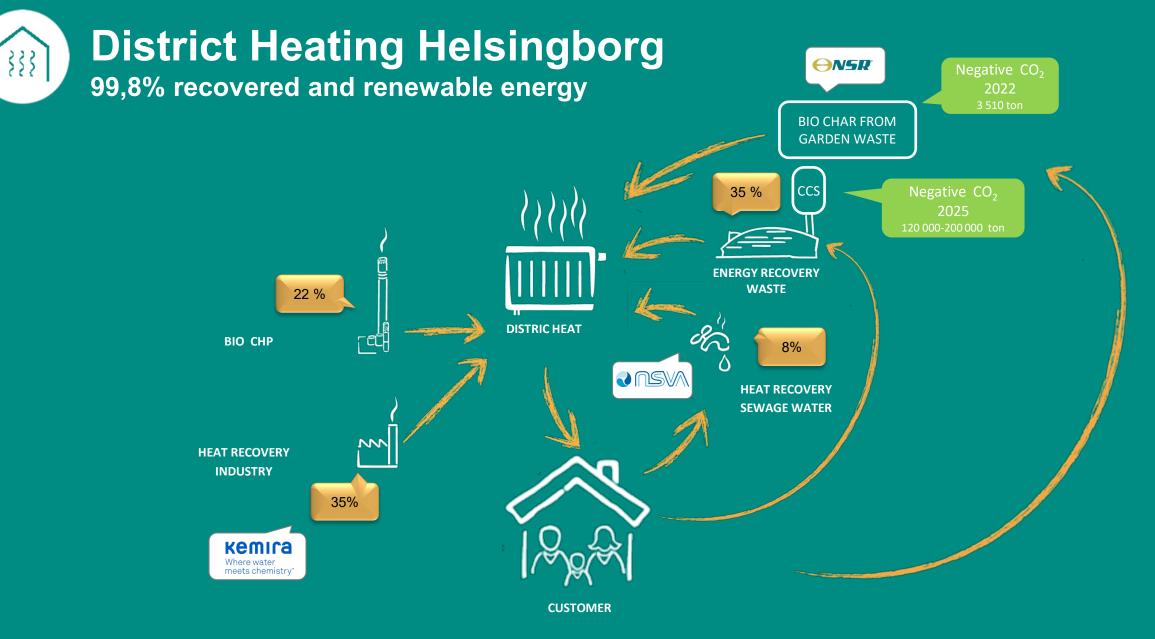
Patrik Hermansson Strategy & Innovation





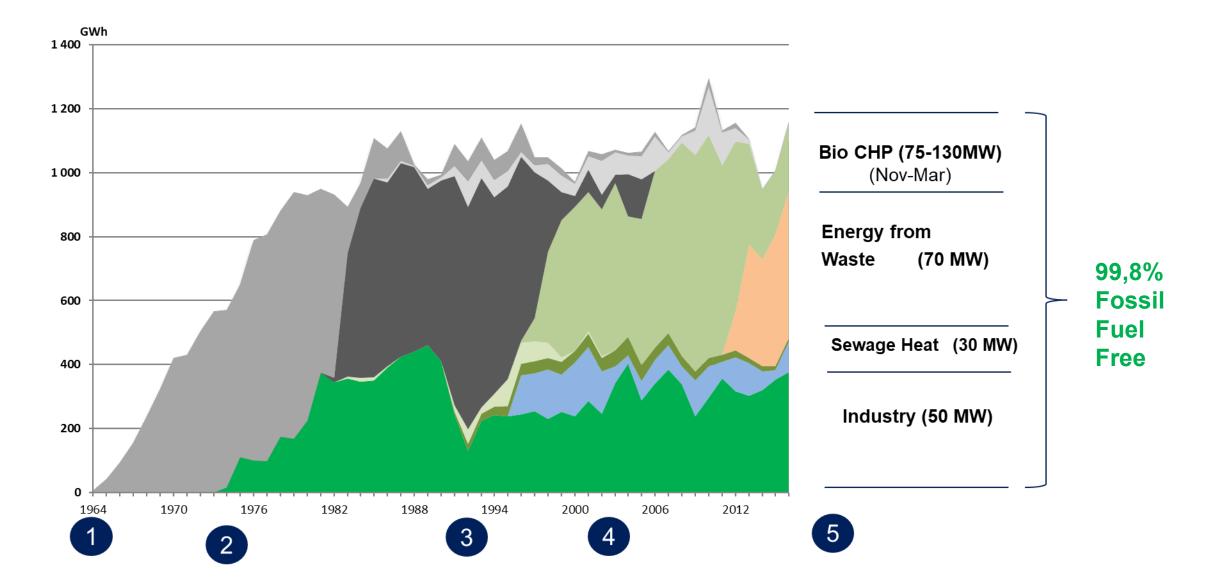
Short facts DH

- Fossil fuel free
- 80 % Market Share
- 100 M€ Turn Over
- 12 000 B2C (detached houses)
- 1 400 B2B (apartment buildings, offices, public service, industry)
- Strong growth











Regional DH partnership and Optimization

Fredrik Hörberg Energy Systems Engineer



Our district heating grid

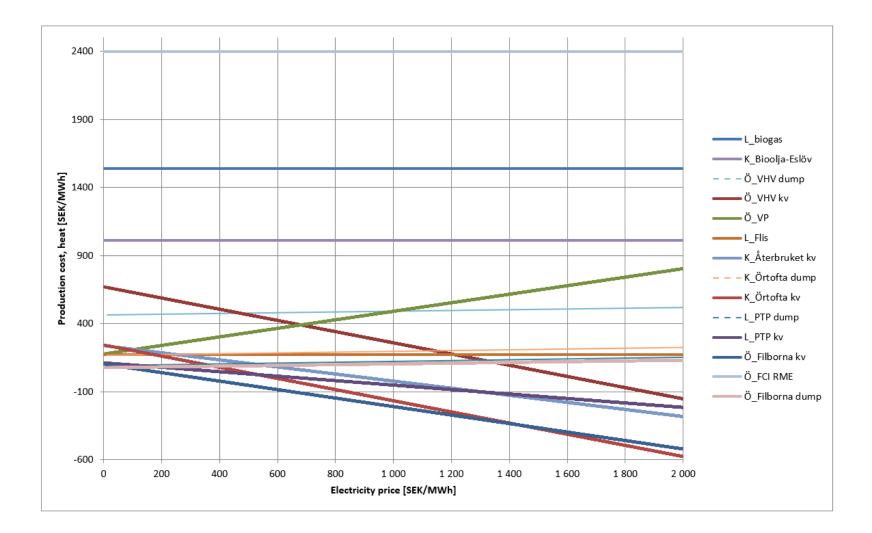
- ▶ 2,3 TWh
- > Hydraulic separation Örtofta
- HBG/LKR 45 MW
- LKR/LUND 60 MW
- > Approx 40 different heat/power plants







Production cost



ÖRESUNDS KRAFT

Financial settlement

• Settled monthly by joint evalution of the actual result and the simulated, hypotectical "disconnected" outcome

Production costs (monthly)	Connected (outcome)	Disconnected (simulated)	Operational advantage
Öresundskraft	30 000 000	29 000 000	-1 000 000
Landskrona	3 000 000	5 000 000	2 000 000
Kraftringen	25 000 000	30 000 000	5 000 000
Sum:	58 000 000	64 000 000	6 000 000
Financial settlement	ÖKAB	LKR	KR
Profit share	1 800 000	1 200 000	3 000 000
Individual advantage	-1 000 000	2 000 000	5 000 000
Total [SEK]	2 800 000	-800 000	-2 000 000

- Compares individual gains to overall result and divides gains evenly
- Ensures a fair and an accepted division of the achieved result



Smart asset heat network management using IOT

Magnus Ohlsson Technical Manager DH Network





ÖRESUNDS KRAFT



Carbon Capture and Storage 2027

Jesper Baaring Senior Projekt Manager



Objectives for the HICAS project (Helsingborg Innovative Carbon capture And Storage)

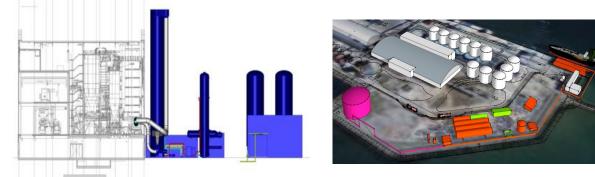
- Help the City of Helsingborg to become carbon neutral and offer the market Carbon Removal Certificates (CRC)
- Strengthen the value proposition of District heating to become carbon neutral.
- From Filbornaverket (Energy from Waste plant) Capture 85.000 tonnes of fossil CO2 and 125.000 tonnes of biogenic CO2, by 2027





Carbon Capture and Storage, chain





Thank you for

a al man (1931)

your attention!

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Panel Discussion



- How do we optimize the capture and storage of low-quality heat sources and the flexible use and supply of electric power to mitigate peak power demand?
 - Point of departure: City of Helsingborg Electric Power Plan 2022 2026
- Anna Sundberg, Öresundskraft
- Paul Westin, Sweden Energy Agency
- Håkan Knutsson, Indepro and SweHeat



REWARDHeat Panel Discussion June 16

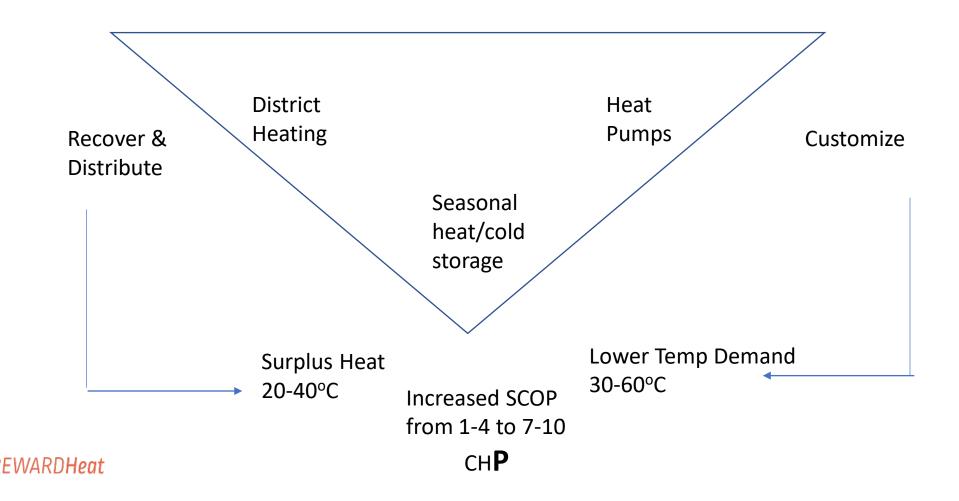
Europe – phase out fossil fuels Heating and electric power demand

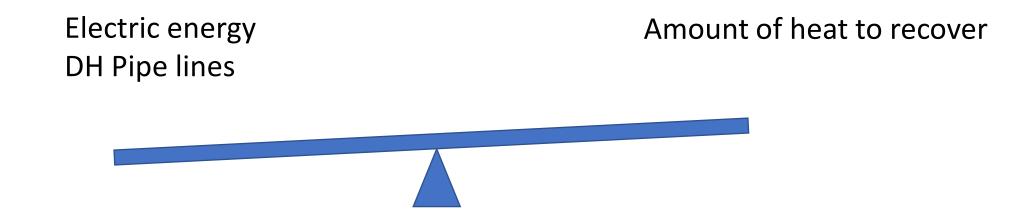
Background Information – Swedish experience

Anna Sundberg, Öresundskraft Paul Westin, Sweden Energy Agency Håkan Knutsson, Indepro and SweHeat



Replace gas-driven heating with Electric-driven heating – circular sources



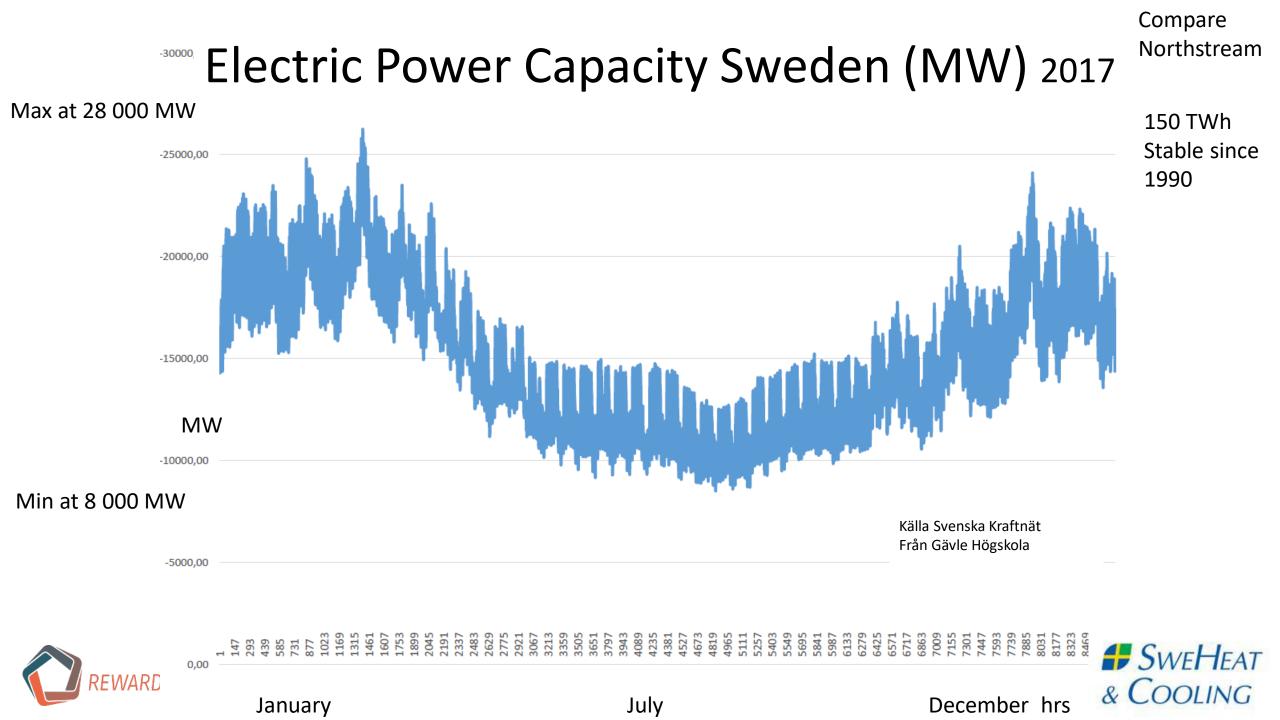




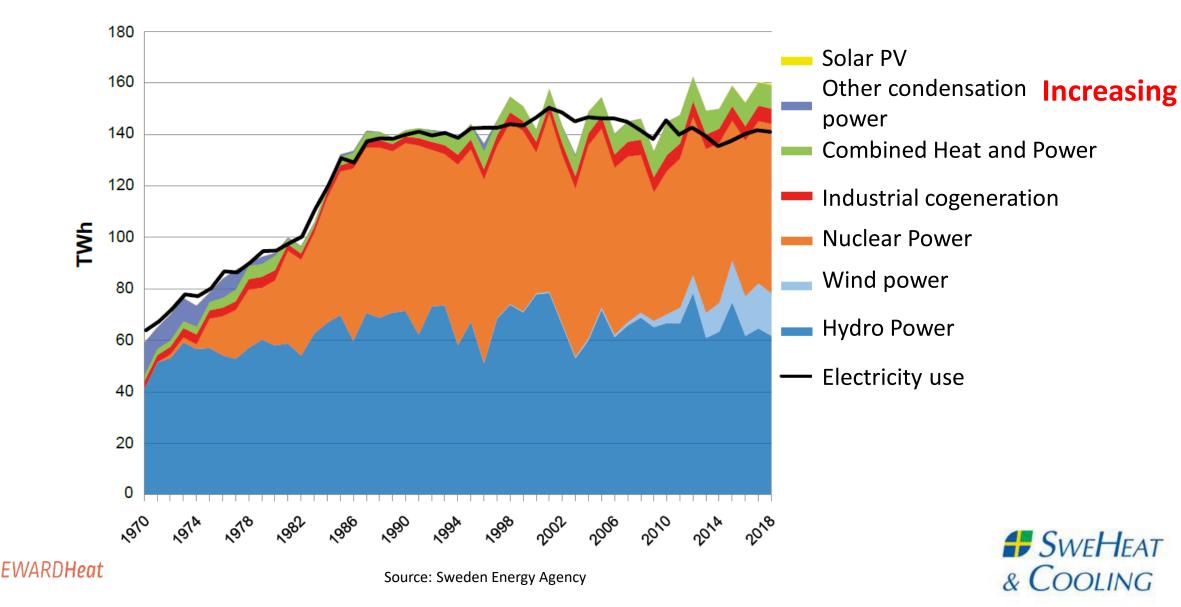
Proposed agenda – discussion with audience

- 1. Sweden quick review: Heating and Electricity
- 2. Zoom in at Helsingborg: Power constraints and City Plan
- 3. Briefly Sweden Electricity Strategy in relation to IEA
- 4. The way forward in Europe....?

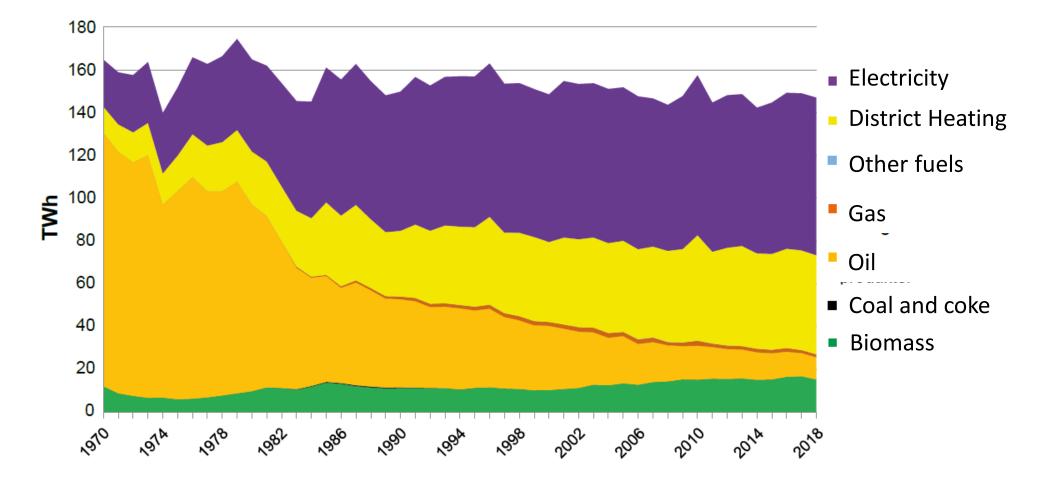




Electricity Supply in Sweden



Energy use in the building and service sector

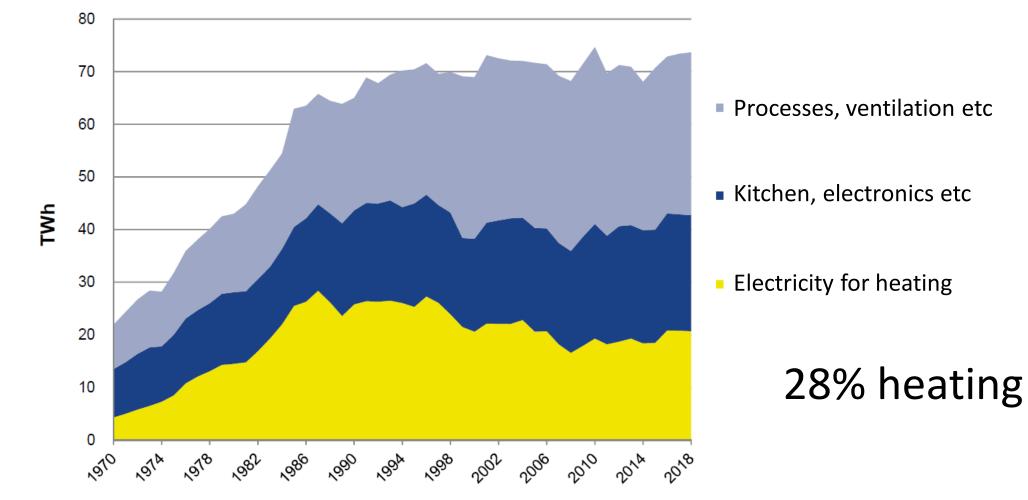




Source: Sweden Energy Agency



Use of electricity in the building and service sector



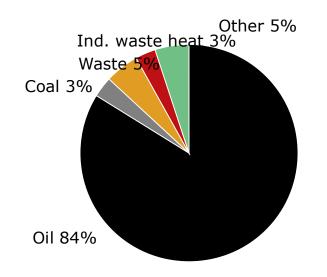


Source: Sweden Energy Agency



District heating heat sources 1981

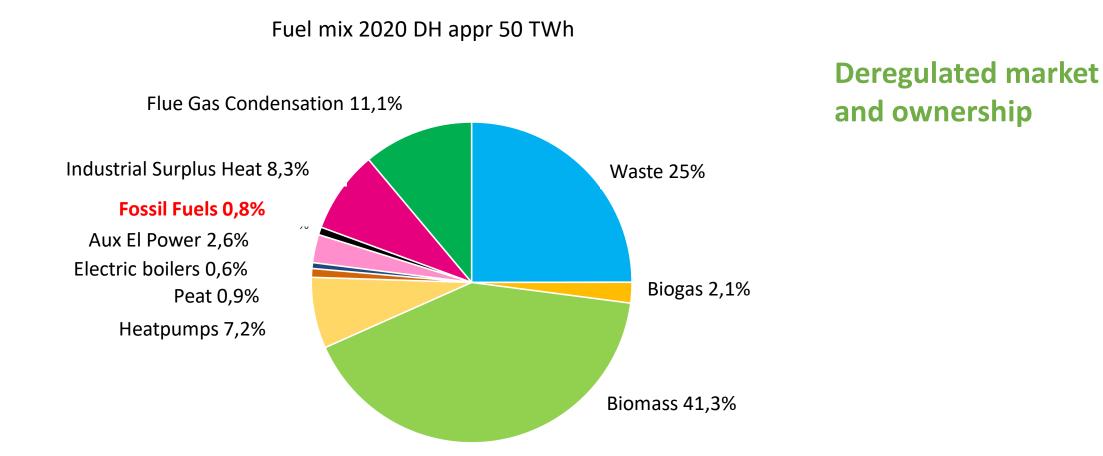
Total production: 27 TWh







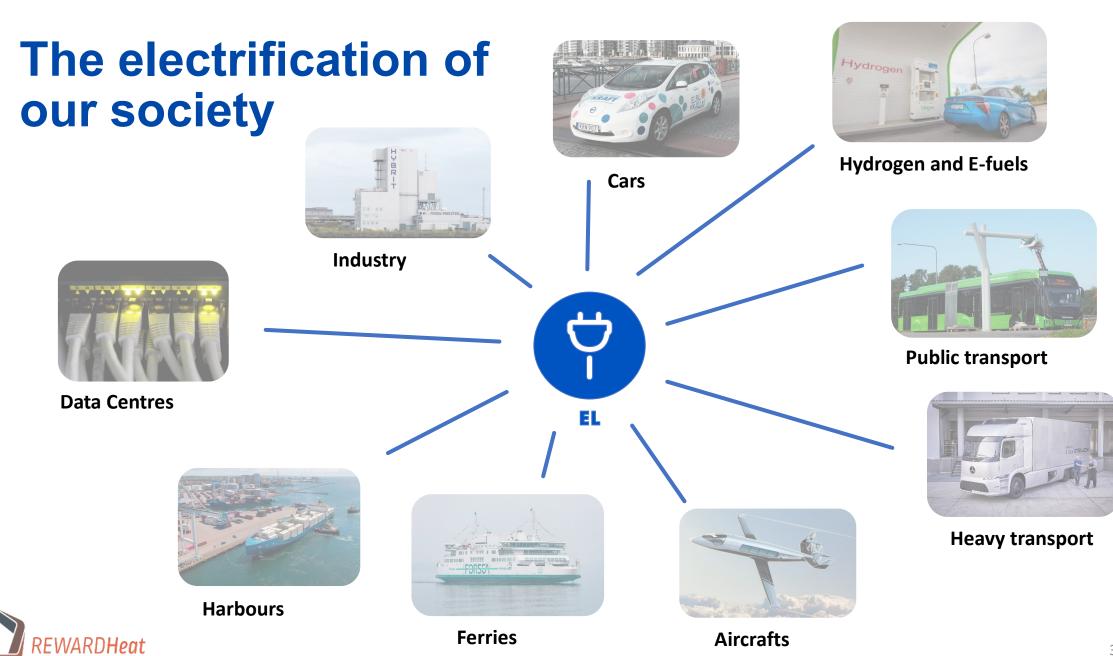
District heating heat sources 2020





Source: Sweden Energy Agency





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Electric power shortage

Helsingborg local conditions:

Local electric power is produced from two CHP plants as well as being distributed from the regional electricity network

National conditions:

Nuclear power is shut down in the south of Sweden

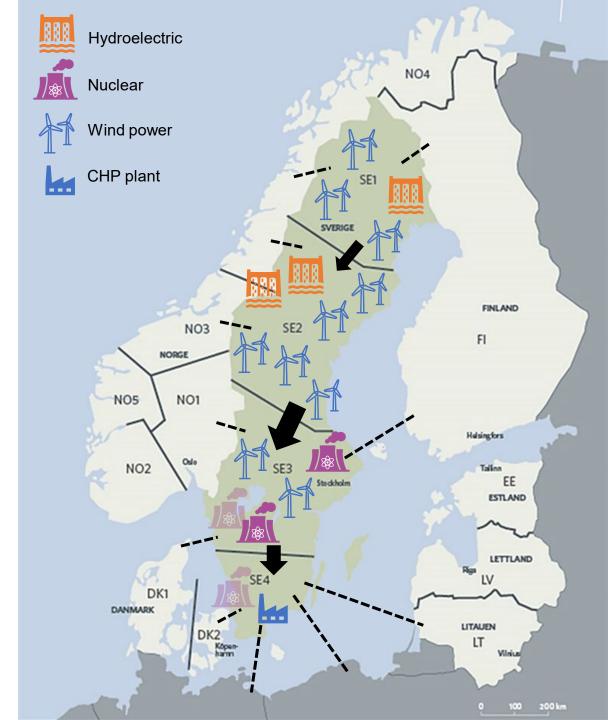
Wind power is primarily built in the north

→ More electricity needs to be transported down to Scania in the south (SE4)

Capacity problems in the national electricity grid network causes transmission issues

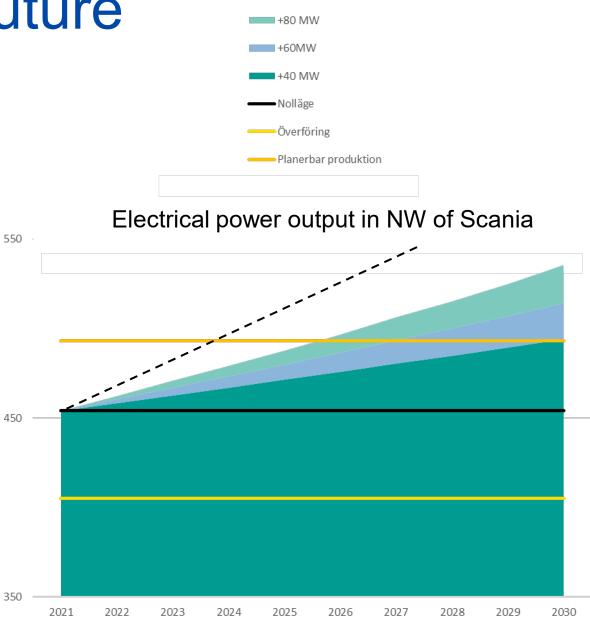
Reimbursements are in progress but takes time

→ Result – shortage of available electric power in Northwest of Scania until 2026 REWARDHeat



Current situation and future

- The electrical power demand in Helsingborg is a part of the one in the whole Northwest of Scania, where the city of Helsingborg represent half of the total demand
- Maximal power output during the winter 2021/2022 was around 450 MW for the Northwest of Scania
- Industry, transport and the increasing population are influencing the power usage, as well as the choices we make in the community planning of the city
- If we don't use the electrical power in a smart way our margin will be reduced drastically, which already can be seen as a sneaking load increase
- The development is preceding faster than all scenarios expected; without taking action the maximal level of power output will be reached already in 2023/2024

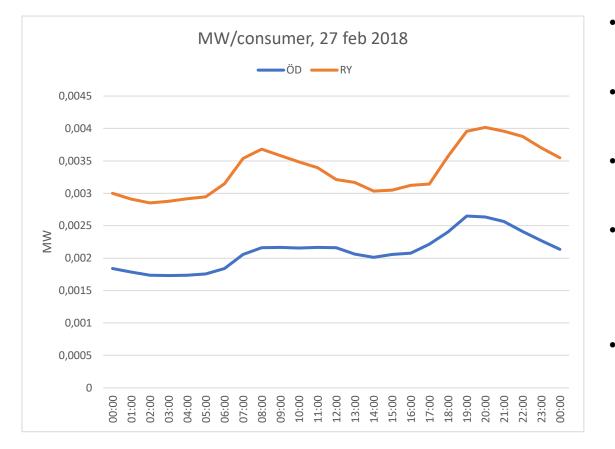


Helsingborg Electrical Power Plan

- The city of Helsingborg in cooperation with the local energy utility Öresundskraft have created a plan for the electrical power between 2022-2026.
- The goal is to take a holistic approach in the area if electrical power, both through increased knowledge but also by proposing a number of activities securing a robust, sustainable and efficient electrical power usage.
- The plan consists of three areas of focus:
 - Develop the community planning from an electrical power perspective,
 - Develop methods of flexible electrical energy usage,
 - Strengthen the local renewable electrical power production



The heating sector has a key role to play



- Electricity should be used in sectors where there are no other energy carrier options
- District heating releases electrical power to be used were it is most needed; such as personal transport, lighting etc.
- CHP plants produces local electrical power at the same time as heat is produced get two for one!
- When comparing two equal city districts, Ödåkra which is heated with DH and Rydebäck which is primarily heated with heat pumps, you can see that the electrical power output differs very much
- During the electrical power peak day in 2018 the power output differed more than 50% between the two districts

Power Capacity: Constraints and Flexibility

Time Resolution

- ✓ Seconds, Minutes
- ✓ Hours
- > Days
- Weeks and months

HP SCOP: from 1-4 to 7-10 Capture Heat Seasonal Storage

Location of contraints

Power Supply (Generation) Transmission Network and interconnections Regional Network Local Network



Technologies to empower a new generation of REWARDHeat

Demand side management and remote fault detection of individual heat pumps

• Per Ola Persson - CEO, Easyserv

Demand side management, optimization and sector coupling of DH and power

- Moa Dahlman-Truesdale CFO and Bjorn Malstrom CTO, Energy-Opticon
- Christian Johansson CEO, Noda Intelligent System

Preservation of existing network assets by relining with carbon fibre composites

• Andreas Martsman – VP Business Development, CarboSeal



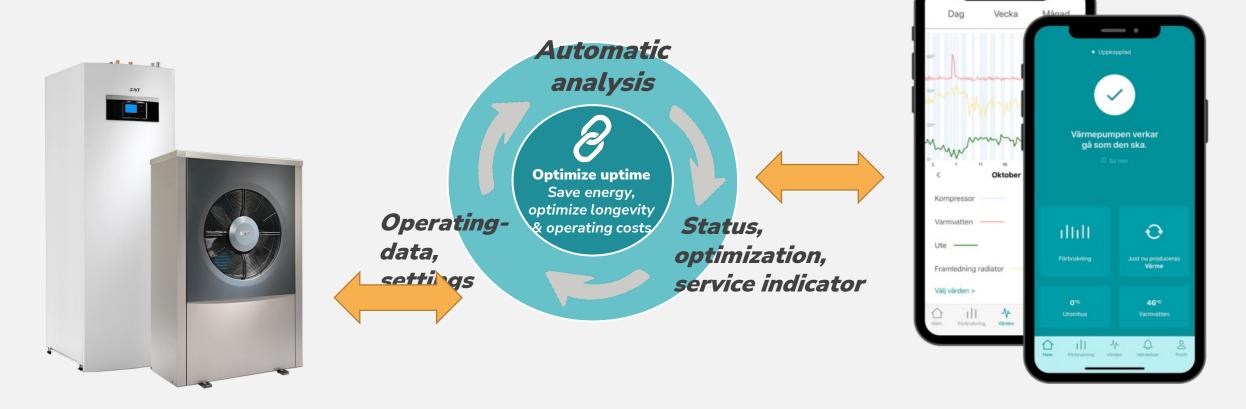


Reduced climate impact through smart control of heat pumps

Company presentation 2022



Summary, history



First product: service indicator, operating status



New product / service



Elområde 1: Norrbottens län samt delar av Västerbottens län. Elområde 2: Jämtlands län, Västernorrlands län, Sästerbortands län, Gävleborgs län och Västerbottens län. Elområde 3: Gotlands län, Stockholms län, Södermanlands län, Uppsala län, Värmlands län, Västmanlands län, Örebro län, Örebro län, Östergötlands län samt delar av Jönköpings län, Kalmar län, Västra Götalands län , Gävleborgs län och Dalarnas län. Elområde 4: Skåne län, Blekinge län, Kronobergs län, samt delar av Kalmar län, Hallands län, Jönköpings län och Västra Götalands län.



Heat pumps a possibility



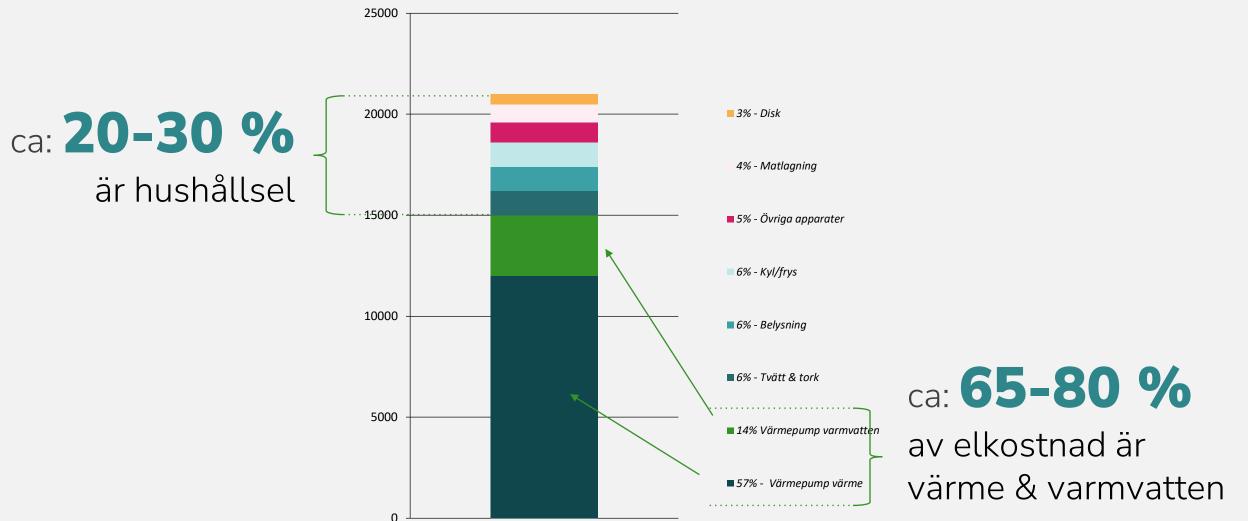
- → **1.25 m heat pumps** in Sweden
- → **12 m HP** installed in 2020 in Europe
- → Forecast doubles to 2024-2025
- → Sweden 800,000 water-based heat pumps

Effect capacity 8-10 GW!



The heat pump is the largest electricity consumer in the residence

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Energiförbrukning normalvilla

totalt 21 000 kWh/år

Ceasyserv

Principle - the house an energy stock

- The house has stored heat energy
- "Free" energy storage



Heat / hot water production can be paused / moved, and thus this flexibility can be used





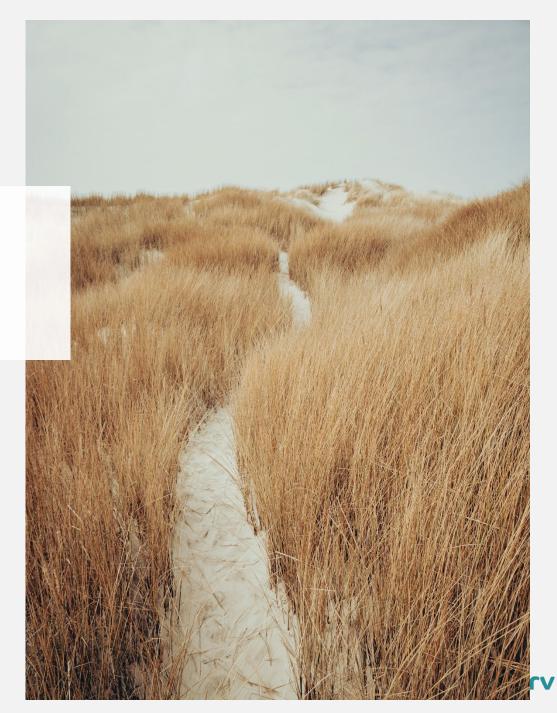


OM OSS

Power optimization local area network + consumption flexibility



Weather forecast control Trading Balance Energy Market Optimization heat pump Power optimization residence





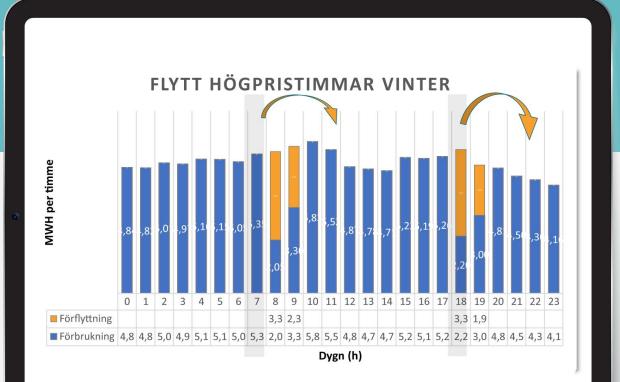
Local balancing - summary

Capacity 1000 heat pumps

- Top load hours 2021: approx. 5.0 MW
- Average: winter: 3-5 MW, spring/autumn: 2-3 MW
- Quick stop / dimmer function: 10-60 sec
- Grouping in several levels
- Decentralized power balancing







save consumption flexibility summary

Capacity 1000 heat pumps

- Move consumption to low-cost hours
- 150-450 SEK / month depending on pricedifference, consumption and outdoor climate
- Customer value SEK 1,000-3,000 SEK
- Good tool for hourly rate agreements
- Contributes to power stability



Pilot customers rating?

- Customer survey conducted in April
- 80 % did not notice any difference from before
- 95 % would like to continue
- 85 % can imagine hourly price agreements





New version - Summary

- Prototype pilot test performed Q1 2022
- New hardware: Tests begin June
- G

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- Cloud service for validation / test Q3-Q4
- 6
- Delivery zero series 200-500 pcs: Q4 2022



Easyserv Summary (+/-)

- + Flex in both power and energy
- + Scattered and local in the network
- + Opportunity to group at different levels
- + Flex in both directions (increase / decrease)
- + Low investment cost
- + Quick way to create flexibility
- Capacity depending on the season
- Indoor climate can limit capacity
- Certain reaction time (10-60 sec)









Questions

Per Ola Persson perola@easyserv.se www.easyserv.se Linkedin: easyserv ab

> Reduced climate impact through smart control of heat pumps

Demand Side Management and Optimization

of Sector Coupling of District Energy and Power

Moa D. Truesdale, CFO Björn Malmström, CTO Senergy **Opticon**



Christian Johansson, CEO



Synergies between energy companies and facility owners

What is Demand Side Management?

- Harnessing the flexibility of the thermal mass within buildings to connect supply and demand
- About 10% of energy used in a building is flexible on average longterm
- Short term flexibility is normally upwards 40-50 % while ensuring quality of service







Synergies between energy companies and facility owners

Benefits

- Demand profile
 - Shaving demand peaks to reducing fossil
 - Reduction of the heat produced by heat-only boilers
 - Control demand in a demand-driven system

System temperatures

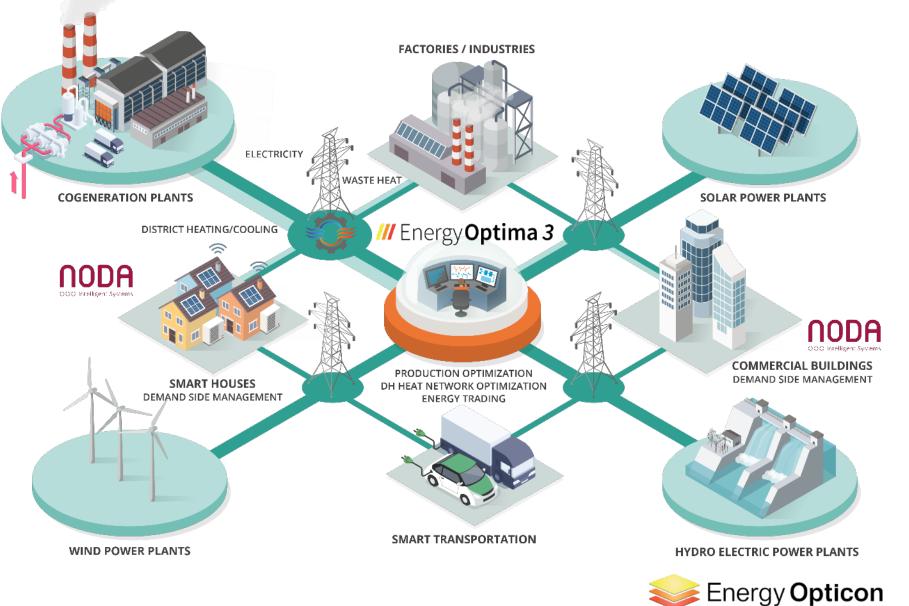
- Reducing return temperatures
- Making the building less sensitive to lowered supply temperatures
- Increase capacity and reduce risk
 - Better exploitation of renewable energy sources reduce CO₂ emissions
 - Increase incomes from electricity trading
 - Connect additional buildings to the network without installing new supply capacity







Demand Side Management







Economic Total Optimization of Energy Production

Moa Dahlman Truesdale, CFO Björn Malmström, CTO



Energy Opticon

Facts about the company

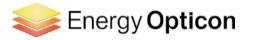
- Founded in 1989 Know-how since more than 30 years
- Delivers software with newest technology for energy companies
- Large base of satisfied customers (more than 50 in Europe)
- Big international partners for deliveries and local service, like:



- 25 specialists in Lund, Sweden
- Dedicated, competent service, single-point-of-contact



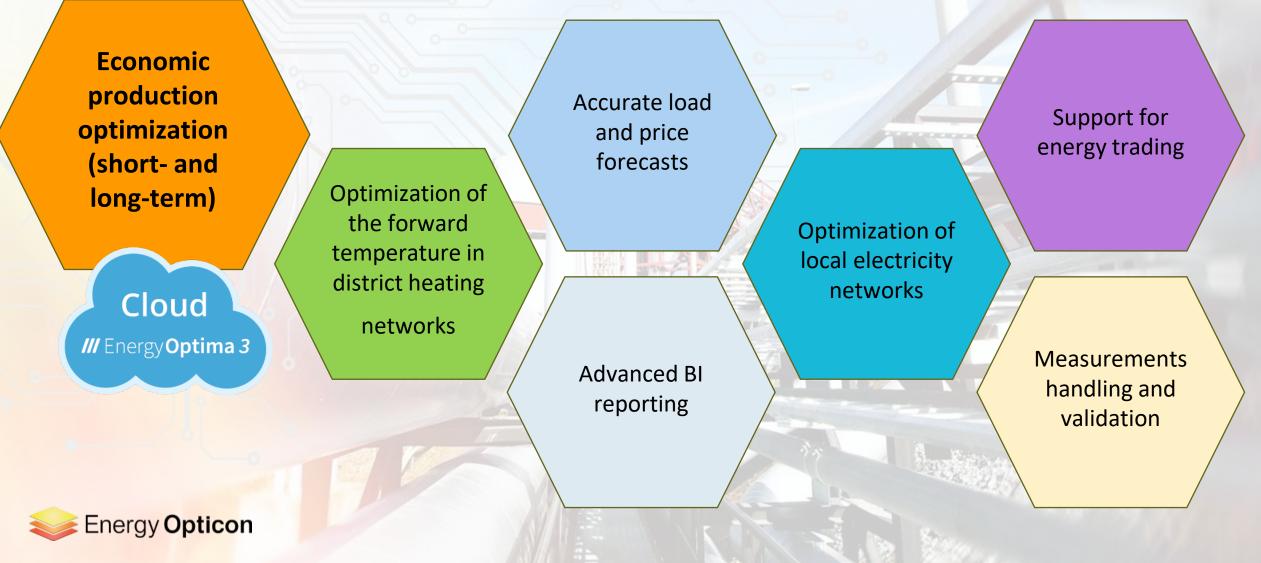
• ISO 9001:2015 certified, 40% R&D





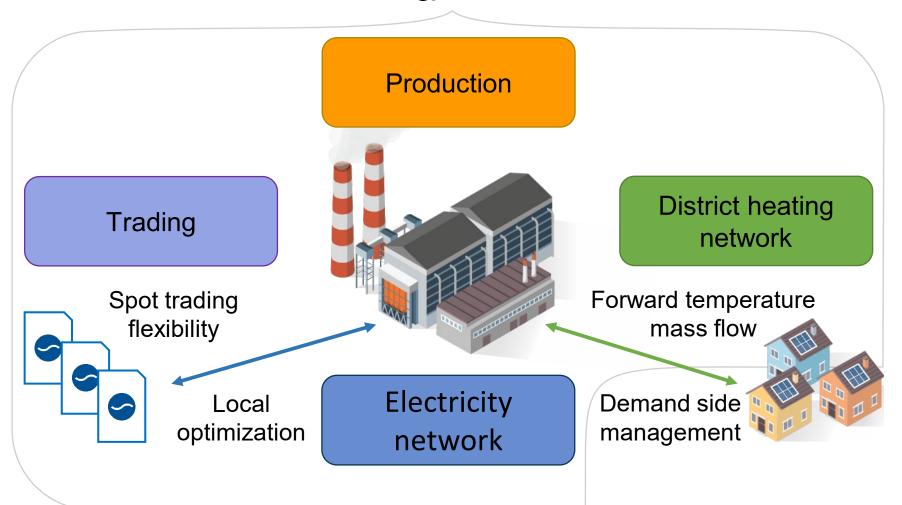
What we do

/// Energy Optima 3



What we do

/// Energy **Optima 3**

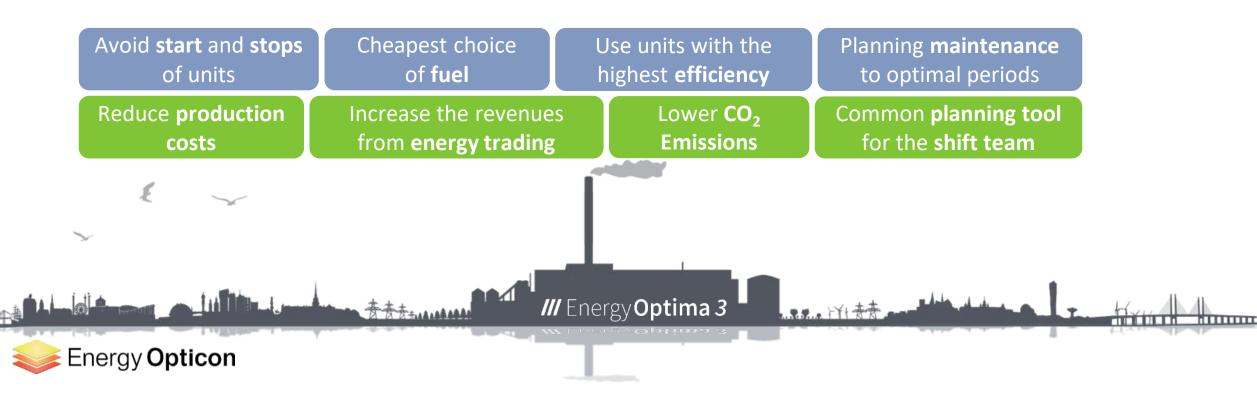




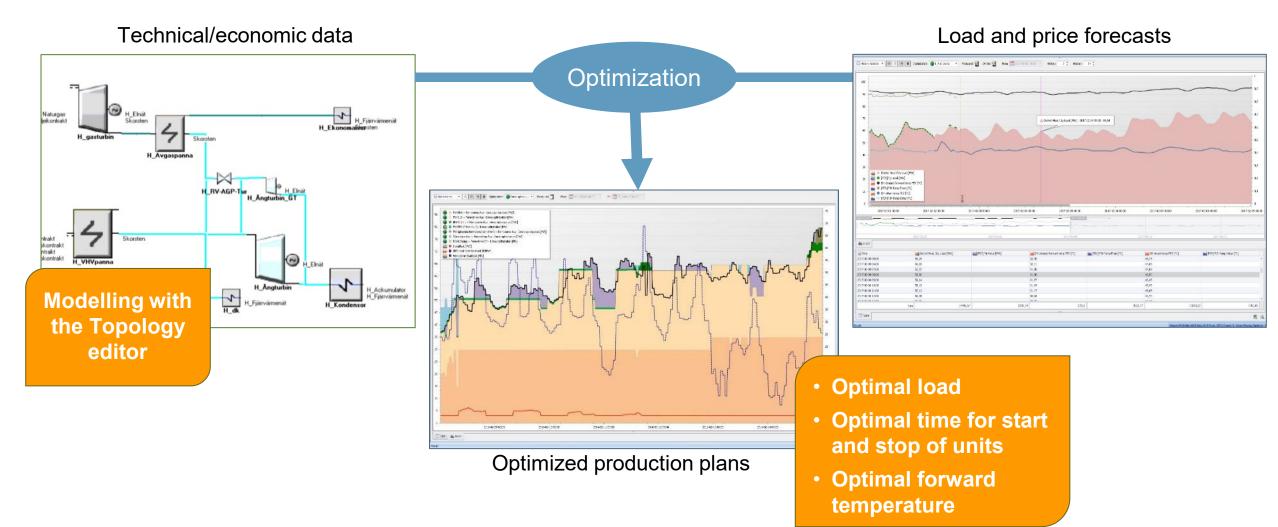
Challenges for energy companies

In a changing energy market, energy companies need to **reduce their costs** for energy production and increase their revenues in order to stay competitive.

But how?



Optimized production plans





Possible reduction of variable production costs

12%

Economic Production Optimization

Economic Production Optimization

+ Smart Optima Heat Network



Also large CO₂ savings. Future savings?

15%

Each year

Case study: Kraftringen, Sweden



The Challenges

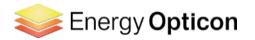
- Decrease production costs
- Lower the **forward temperature** in the DH network
- Co-optimization of the Evita DH pipeline between 3 cities
- Reduce dependency of **fossil fuels**

During the two first months (with SOHN) in operation, the forward temperature was in average lowered with 2 degrees and with an achieved savings of about 20,000 Euros.

David Edsbäcker, Project Leader for Smart Cities Accelerator, Kraftringen

The System

- Production sites: 4.
- DH grid length: 1050 km
- **Biofuels**, heat produced with bio-oil, wood pellet and **geothermal** energy
- Heat production/year: 1,100 GWh
- Electricity production/year: 200 GWh



A world where sustainable energy is available when, where and how it is needed



Creating best-in-class digital thermal AI since 2005

Supply

Increase capacity and de-risk investment

Distribution

Improve efficiency and prolong lifetime

Demand

Energy services, flexibility and Al-driven knowledge





Building better energy

Based in Sweden with partners globally

Customers in Europe, North America and Asia

NODA solution portfolio, delivered by cloud, tech transfer & knowledge

NODA Heat Network

Balance supply and demand to maximise business value

NODA Building

J.I. B. C.

Active energy services to save cost and improve indoor climate

NODA Co-create

Innovation as a service to scale business and technology







- Case: peak load management
- Scenario: two city areas connected through network stations
- Results: 27 % and 23 % peak load reductions with 11 % energy savings



 Scenario: two city clusters controlled in relation to the backbone system

WWW.MIJNWATER.COM

• **Results**: more than 40 % of increase in extraction from the geothermal well



Skraftringen

- Case: active energy services and demand response
- Scenario: many connected buildings throughout the main city and most large ones in a nearby city
- Results: savings of on average 12-15 % and flexibility capacity for narrow sections



- **Case**: virtual storage expansion
- Scenario: about half of the demand connected in a smaller city network
- Results: Reduced primary fuel usage of 13.7 %



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Moa D. Truesdale, Energy Opticon

RewardHeat

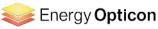
Development of digital platform for trading and control of energy

16 June, 2022













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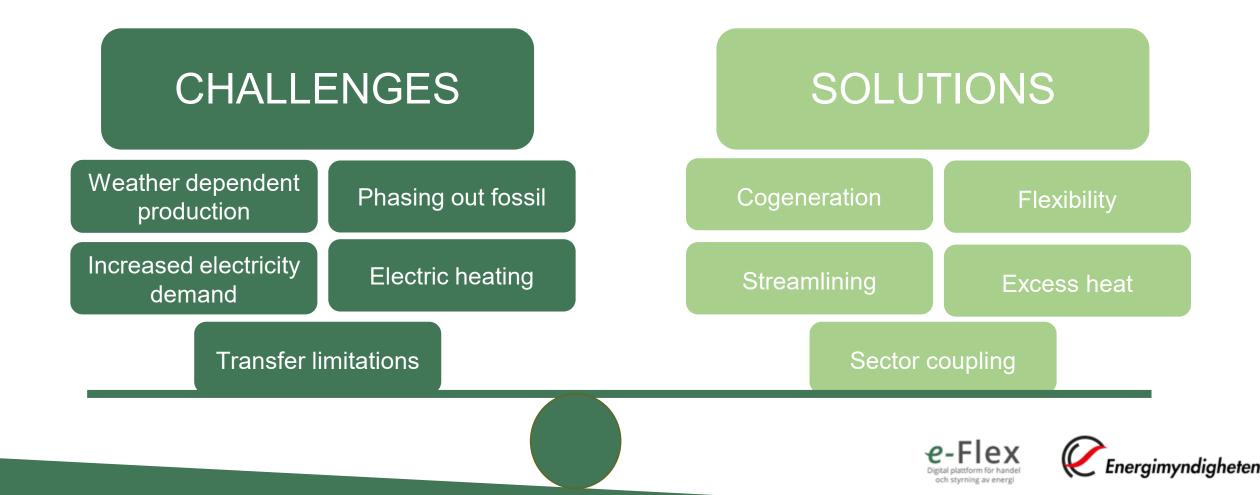


The project is funded by participating partners and the Swedish Energy Agency.

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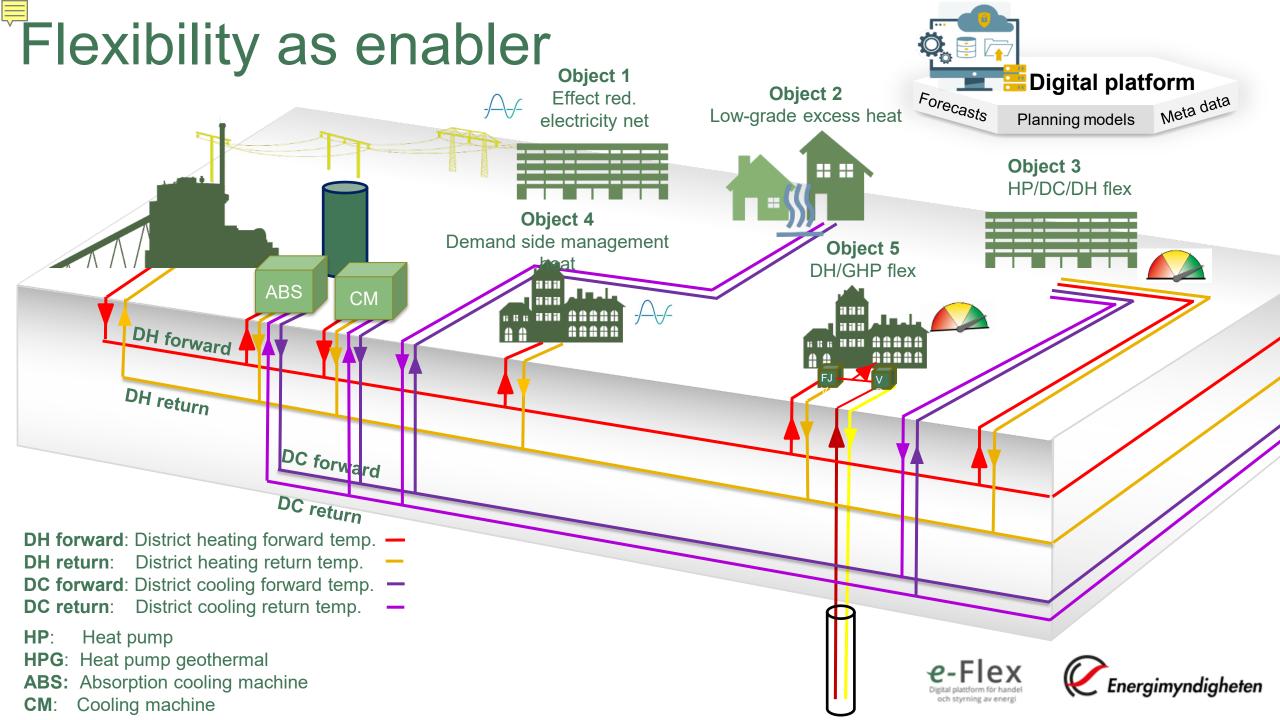
The energy system of the future



Project

- Digital platform where energy is bought and sold
 - District heating, district cooling, waste heat, electrical power
- Create a more robust, environmentally friendly and economically optimized energy system
- Replicable solution to be shared
- Developed and tested on several objects in Lund's hospital area





Conclusions

- Flexibility Potential for large parts of the year, especially during spring / autumn
 - Enables reduced load on the electricity grid
- Increased potential with a more variable electricity price
- Cost and environmentally optimized energy delivery







Thanks for listening!

- Sector Coupling of District Energy and Power
- Optimize Production Distribution Demand
- Flexible Energy Systems

Christian Johansson, NODA <u>cj@noda.se</u>

NODA 000 Intelligent Systems

Björn Malmström, Energy Opticon bjorn.malmstrom@opticon.se

Moa D. Truesdale, Energy Opticon <u>moa.dahlman@opticon.se</u>





Relining for District Heating

Andreas Martsman – CarboSeal® by PPR







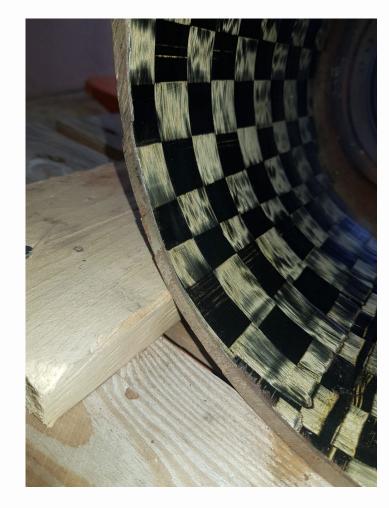




















- No/heavily reduced impact on society, traffic, other networks
- Faster/simpler permit process as existing network is used to build the new pipe
- Heavily reduced carbon footprint about 80% reduction compared to dig and replace



HOFOR, Copenhagen 1x170 meter DN200

POLLEX

HOFOR

Norrenergi, Stockholm 2 x 50m DN300 (in DN400)

S POLLEX

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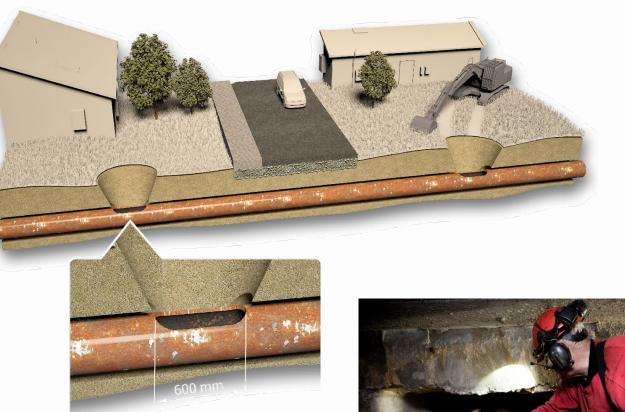
POLLEX



KDHC, Seoul 1 x 30m DN200 (Test site)

사비타마으





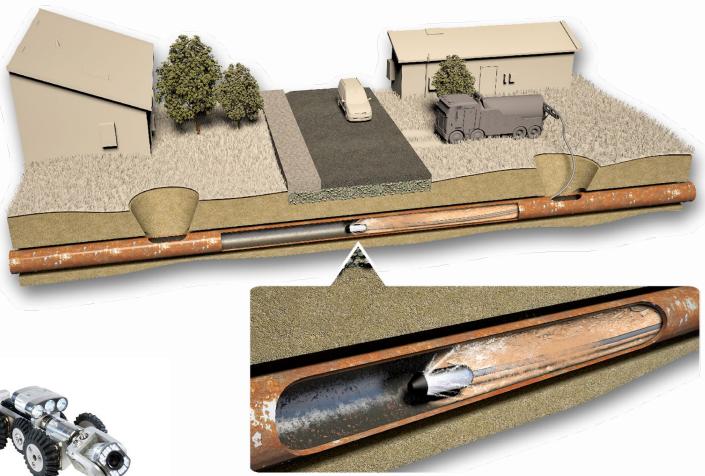
Access through manholes or small controlled trenches.

No need for full axial cut, only 600 mm openings are made to allow for cleaning and entry.



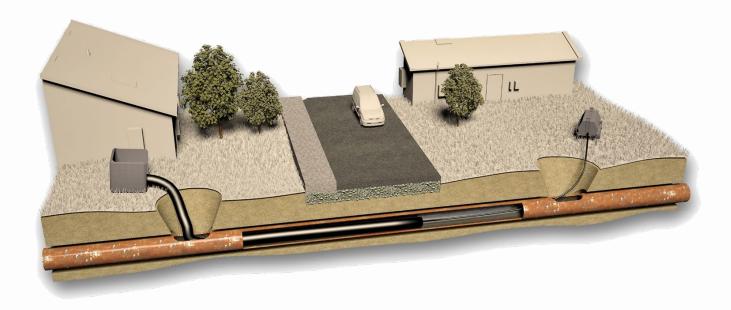






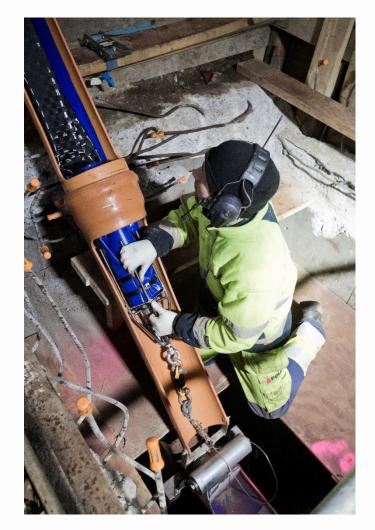
Cleaning the pipe by high pressure water flush and/or poly pig and perform inspection



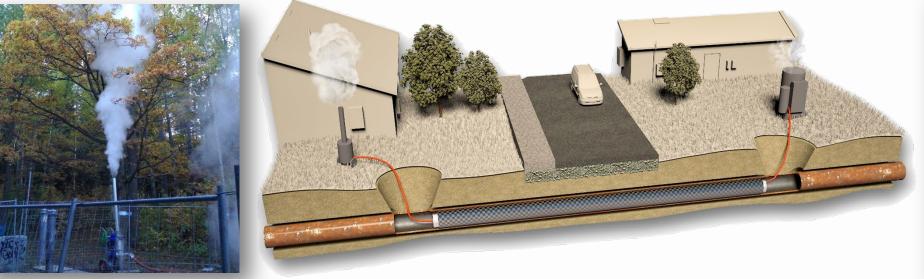


The liner is winched into place

To ease the winching a friction reduction foil can be used.







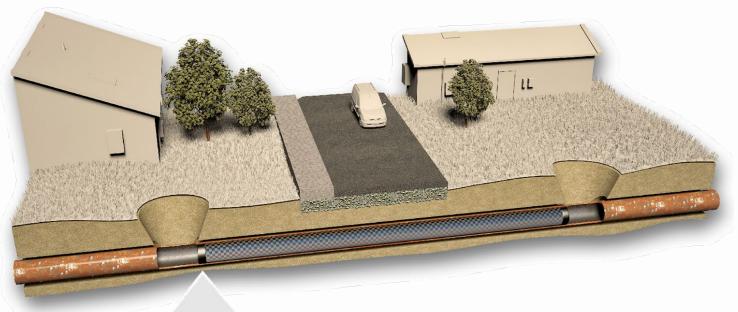


Curing the liner with controlled high temperature steam

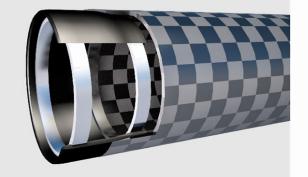
Require about 3 bars pressure to reach cure temp



Closing off the finished carbon fiber liner with seal and locking rings









Carbon fiber liner

- High temperature epoxy resin + carbon fiber = no hydrolysis
- Designed for DN100-DN800
- Current offering typically DN100 DN450
- Can sustain water at 130°C
- Designed for 16Bar pressure, higher can be achieved by different design
- Delivered ready for installation -> no impregnation at the work site.







Relining for District Heating

www.carboseal.com

info@carboseal.com

andreas.martsman@carboseal.com

Video links Installation in Stockholm Installation in Copenhagen Installation in Neumünster







Thank you

www.rewardheat.eu



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 857811. The document reflects the author's view. The European Commission has no liability for any use that may be made of the information it contains.